

Computer and Internet Knowledge Test Test Study Guide

Fiber Customer Support Analyst Title

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Introduction

This Test Study Guide provides suggestions and information that will help you develop and improve the knowledge needed for successful performance as a Fiber Customer Support Analyst in Verizon.

To become a Fiber Customer Support Analyst you will be required to qualify on the Universal Test Battery JF2, The Computer and Internet Knowledge Test and the CSA – Role Play.

The Computer and Internet Knowledge Test assesses the knowledge necessary to enter this occupation. To be considered for the position, the knowledge test must be passed. The Job Knowledge Test consists of 40 multiple-choice questions, **covering 4 different knowledge areas.** These knowledge areas are described in detail in this Guide.

Additionally, you are required to successfully qualify on a Customer Support

Assessment Role Play which are used to assess the skills and abilities that are required for the job. Successful strategies for qualifying on the Role Play will also be covered in this Test Study Guide.

Using the Guide

Read the Test Information, Test Preparation Tips, and Test-Taking Tips sections on pages 5 through 15. Then, review the section on ways to improve your score on the job knowledge tests. Read the suggested activities that may help you further develop your knowledge. Tailor the suggestions to fit your specific work style and situation.

Each topic area measured on the Job Knowledge Test is described in a different section of this Guide. First, a brief description of the topic area is provided. This description is not a complete tutorial on the topic area; it simply identifies what the topic areas are. Following the brief description, a number of relevant aspects of the topic area are listed. These are the things you should be sure to learn about when studying for the Job Knowledge Test. Each section description is followed by a sample test question to give you an idea of the type of question that will be asked on the Job Knowledge Test. Suggested resources are provided to help you learn about the knowledge area. These resources include textbooks, websites, and training materials.

You might want to read relevant portions of the books listed in the suggested readings. You do not need to read every book that is listed. Most of the books can be found at local libraries and bookstores. The books listed are examples of the type of books that you should read. It is the content of the books, not these specific titles, that is important. You may want to seek out/focus on references that cover a variety of the content covered by the test.

You may also want to complete the practice test questions at the end of the Test Study Guide. Check your answers with the answer key at the end of the Guide. Work to understand the difference between the correct and incorrect responses. The questions included in the practice test are **NOT** the items that are on the knowledge test. Successful performance on the practice test **DOES NOT** guarantee successful performance on the knowledge test.

Using this Guide does not guarantee that you will successfully qualify on the Job Knowledge Test. Your performance depends on your initial knowledge level, the effort you put into improving your knowledge, and the effectiveness of the activities you undertake.

Test Information

The goal in developing the Computer and Internet Knowledge Test was to ensure that the test is job-related, fair, and accurate. These goals were accomplished by working closely with a large number of job experts. Job-relatedness was established by asking the job experts to identify the knowledge elements required to perform the job and to review the test questions to make sure they tap the required knowledge elements and are relevant to the jobs for which they will be used as selection tools. Fairness is ensured by asking job experts to review all knowledge elements and test questions to ensure that they only represent knowledge that is required on the job and not specific to Verizon. Asking job experts to review each test question to make sure there is only one, clearly correct answer ensures accuracy.

The Computer and Internet Knowledge Test contains 40 questions. All of the questions will be multiple-choice with five alternatives and there will be no "trick" questions. This test requires knowledge of computers and Internet technology. The test does not require any knowledge of specific Verizon practices or instrumentation. The type of knowledge measured by this Knowledge Test can be acquired either inside or outside of Verizon.

The test measures several knowledge elements that job experts indicated are important requirements for the Fiber Customer Support Analyst jobs. The test measures basic and intermediate knowledge of: computer hardware, operating systems and other software, the Internet, and networking knowledge. The ability to troubleshoot these areas is also important. The number of items devoted to each knowledge element on the test varies.

Topic Areas

1. Hardware: This topic evaluates skills related to PC performance, RAM, Rev levels, NIC in motherboard, hard-disk sector, IRQ, DMA, modem functions, troubleshooting IRQ problems, and device drivers.

Sample Question

A user states that her computer is responding very slowly while she runs several applications at the same time. Writing and retrieving files is not a problem and she can access the Internet. Which of the following is most likely causing the problem?

- A Insufficient RAM
- B Bad hard disk
- C Network driver issues
- D Incompatible motherboard
- E Corrupted memory

The correct answer is A.

- A Insufficient RAM is the most likely be problem causing multiple applications to run slowly.
- B The hard disk is not a likely culprit because writing and reading files is not a problem.
- C There is nothing in the scenario to indicate a network issue.
- D There is nothing in the scenario to indicate a motherboard issue.
- E There is nothing in the scenario to indicate a corrupted memory issue.

2. OS & Other Software: This topic covers skills related to Windows 2000 and XP features, file structures, installation problems, booting issues. Registry compositions, backup and restoration in XP, hot fixes and patches for OS.

Sample Question

On a Windows workstation, an additional primary partition was added and the computer no longer boots, even though the boot menu appears. Which file most likely needs to be edited?

- A BOOT.INI in the SYSTEM32 directory below the operating system directory.
- B BOOT.INI off the root of the bootable partition.
- C NTLDR in the SYSTEM32 directory below the operating system directory.
- D NTLDR off the root of the bootable partition.
- E NTDETECT.COM in the SYSTEM32 directory below the operating system directory.

The correct answer is B.

- A This file is located at the root of the bootable partition.
- B This file must be edited to point to the new number for the partition with the operating system.
- C This file is located at the root of the bootable partition and cannot be edited.
- D This file cannot be edited.
- E This file is used for hardware detection and cannot be edited.

3. Internet Knowledge: This topic evaluates skills related to download speed in Internet, freeware, opensource, MIME types, blocking spam mails, SMTP and POP3, and Email applications.

Sample Question

A software developer wants to distribute software without charge and not make the code available to others. He wants to hold the copyright to the software. What type of software is he trying to distribute?

- A Freeware
- B Open source
- C Freeware and open source
- D Protected
- E Operating system code

The correct answer is A.

- A Freeware is distributed without charge and with the code not published, but can still be copyrighted.
- B The code for open source is made available to the public.
- C The code for open source is made available to the public.
- D This answer is incorrect.
- E This answer is incorrect.

4. Networking Knowledge: This topic evaluates skills related to EMI, Ethernet Switch, Routers, Network layer protocols, the OSI model, Components of PPP protocols, ICMP, Debugging RIP routing, get IP from MAC, and sublayers of datalink layer.

Sample Question

To check response of computers connected to the network, a user tries to ping the remote machine and test the response. Which layer of the seven-layer OSI model does the ping command operate?

- A Session
- B Network
- C Transport
- D Maintenance
- E Physical

The correct answer is B.

- A The session layer is responsible for establishing, managing and terminating communications sessions between presentation layer entities. This layer is not responsible for the ping command.
- B As the ping command is used to test network connectivity, it resides on the network layer of the OSI model.
- C The transport layer of the OSI model is responsible for the delivery of information in either a reliable or unreliable manner. Ping does not reside at this layer of the OSI model.
- D There is no maintenance layer in the OSI model.
- E The physical layer deals with bits, bytes and electrical signals and has nothing to do with the ping command.

Test-Preparation Tips

This section provides information about how to study effectively and how to apply your knowledge effectively during the test.

General Suggestions

- Study to learn material now, permanently, rather than putting off the real learning for later.
- Practice not "I will remember!" but "How do I remember?" by finding patterns in the study materials.
- Cultivate interest in the material and confidence in your ability; both improve learning.
- Avoid cramming just prior to the test; it reduces your concentration and increases your confusion! Plunging into material without an organized "plan of attack" does not contribute to learning.

Study Schedule and Study Environment Suggestions

- Set aside plenty of study time several weeks before the test.
- Devise a special study schedule by dividing material into organized units to learn in a specified period of time.
- Let your family and friends know how important it is that you stick to your study schedule.
- Arrange for a distraction-free and efficient study area.

Review Suggestions

- Review all the materials you have access to, but don't just skim; strive to understand the material as well as memorize for the test.
- Actively review material by writing things down as you study rather than just passively re-reading the material.
- Remember that pattern-finding is very important to learning large amounts of information.
 - * Try to impose a pattern on each topic area you are studying.
 - * Outline material by numbering or lettering important points.
 - Find relationships, concrete examples, and applications that will aid your memory of material.
 - * Use mnemonics (that is, memory aids such as using the sentence Every Good Boy Does Fine to remember the correct order of musical notes --- EGBDF) when possible to help you learn information.

Test-Taking Tips

Before the Test

- If possible, get a good night's sleep before the test so that you're well rested.
- Go into the test with a positive attitude, determined to do your best. Focus on what you know, rather than worrying about what you do not know.
- Make sure you know the exact location and time of the test. Allow yourself plenty of time to get to the test site, use the restroom, and compose yourself.
- Wear something comfortable. Test sites may be slightly hot or cool so dress for any temperature.
- Leave behind pagers, cell phones, calculators, portable radios, etc.
- Reduce test anxiety and tension by breathing deeply and stretching before the test.
- Try not to discuss the test with other people once you arrive. Generally, this only increases everyone's anxiety.

During the Test

- Listen carefully to all of the test administrator's instructions and follow them exactly.
- Be sure you understand the test instructions before you start. If you need to ask questions, do so.
- Read the entire question and all response options before choosing your answer.
 - Be careful not to add or delete any words in the question stem or options.
 - Pay attention to words like NOT and EXCEPT.
 - Do not over-interpret questions or try to find hidden meanings; the questions are not designed to be tricky. Instead, take questions at face value.
- Try to stay relaxed during the test. If you have trouble concentrating or become tense, pause and take a few deep breaths.
- Pay attention to your own work, not to what is going on around you. If you are
 wondering how other people are doing or how far they have gotten, you are wasting
 valuable time.

Ways to Improve Your Score on the Job Knowledge Test

This section contains development suggestions that should help you improve your jobrelated knowledge. You may find these suggestions helpful in preparing for the test.

- Studying books on basic computers and the basic information on how Internet works and the systems behind it. These books are available in libraries and bookstores,
- Answering practice questions found in books on computers and the Internet and basic networking. These books are available in bookstores.
- Taking a course in computers, Internet and networking at a community or vocational/technical school.
- Taking formal or self-study training courses in computers, Internet and networking.
- You may also want to complete the FutureLink Home Study course, <u>Data</u>
 <u>Processing and Computer Basics</u>. The material in this course includes a textbook, a CD and references to websites for additional information. (See enrollment form on last page of this Test Study Guide.)

Resources

Online NetLearn Training Courses

NetLearn can be accessed using the following links and logging in using your Single Sign on:

http://netlearn.verizon.com

or remotely

http://internetlearn.verizon.com

Course Code: Title: Hardware A+ Cert. - 1: Hardware: Devices and System Components - 8 hours NG14940NL: NG14941NL A+ Cert. - 2: Hardware: Installation and Troubleshooting - 8 hours NG14942NL A+ Cert. - 3: Hardware: Printers, Networks, and Protocols - 8 hours **Operating Systems** NG14943NL A+ Cert. - 4: OS Technologies Part 1: Installing - 8 hours NG14944NL A+ Cert. - 5: OS Technologies Part 2: Configuring and Managing - 8 hours A+ Cert. - 6: OS Technologies Part 3: Troubleshooting - 8 hours NG14945NL NG14946NL A+ Cert. - 7: OS Technologies Part 4: Network Fundamentals - 8 hours

Internet & Networking

TRAATM110NL	Understanding ATM
NG71441NL	Networking Essentials 2nd Edition 1 - 8 hours
NG71442NL	Networking Essentials 2nd Edition 2 - 8 hours
NG71443NL	Networking Essentials 2nd Edition 3 - 8 hours
NG71444NL	Networking Essentials 2nd Edition 4 - 8 hours
	•
NG14181NL	Network + - 1: Media and Topologies - 7 hours
NG14182NL	Network + - 2: Protocols and Standards - 7 hours
NG14183NL	Network + - 3: Network Implementation - 8 hours

TRANET225NL TCP/IP Related Applications - 14 hours

Web Sites

*Note: To access the information on the Tech Tutorial websites you will need to create a username and password.

Hardware

*http://www.techtutorials.com/tutorials/hardware/

http://www.gcflearnfree.org/Tutorials/Details.aspx?Tutorial=Computer+Basics&tutorialID =13

Operating System & Other Software

http://www.wown.com/

*http://www.techtutorials.com/tutorials/2000

*http://www.techtutorials.com/tutorials/win9x

*http://www.techtutorials.com/tutorials/xp

Internet Knowledge

http://www.webteacher.org/windows.html

Networking

http://www.techbooksforfree.com/intro_to_data_com/toc.html#toc *http://www.techtutorials.com/tutorials/Networking/ http://www.techbooksforfree.com/intro_to_data_com/toc.html#toc http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/cisintwk/ito_doc/nmbasics.htm http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/cisintwk/ito_doc/bridging.htm http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/cisintwk/ito_doc/introlan.htm http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/cisintwk/ito_doc/introwan.htm http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/cisintwk/ito_doc/ethernet.htm http://www.ethermanage.com/ethernet/ethernet.html http://pclt.cis.yale.edu/pclt/COMM/ETHER.HTM http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/cisintwk/ito_doc/routing.htm http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/cisintwk/ito_doc/index.htm http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/cisintwk/ito_doc/ppp.htm http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/cisintwk/ito_doc/rmon.htm http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/cisintwk/ito_doc/snmp.htm http://www.sangoma.com/fguide.htm http://www.practicallynetworked.com/support/troubleshoot_index.htm

Manuals and Published Works

Computer Hardware

Bigelow's PC Hardware Desk Reference Stephen Bigelow, Michael Mueller (Illustrator), Jackie Sieben (Illustrator). **Publisher:** McGraw-Hill Osborne Media; 2nd edition (December 24, 2002) **ISBN:** 0072225254.

MCDST Self-Paced Training Kit. Supporting Users and Troubleshooting a Microsoft Windows XP Operation System. Walter Glenn, Michael T. Simpson, Michael Simpson. **Publisher:** Microsoft Press; Kit edition (August 25, 2004) **ISBN:** 0735620652.

PC Annoyances: How to Fix the Most Annoying Things About Your Personal Computer. Steve Bass. **Publisher**: O'Reilly; 1 edition (October 14, 2003) **ISBN**: 0596005938.

Upgrading and Repairing PCs, 16th Edition. Scott Mueller. **Publisher:** Que; 16 edition (August 27, 2004) **ISBN:** 0789731738.

Operating Systems & Software

MCSE Self-Paced Training Kit: Microsoft Windows 2000 Core Requirements, Second Edition, Exams 70-210, 70-215, 70-216, 70-217. Microsoft Press, Corporation Microsoft. **Publisher:** Microsoft Press; 2nd Bk&Cdr edition (August 28, 2002). **ISBN:** 0735617716.

Microsoft Windows 2000 Administrators Pocket Consultant, Second Edition William R. Stanek. Publisher: Microsoft Press; 2 edition (August 14, 2002). ISBN: 0735617929.

Microsoft Windows XP (Inside Out Series). Ed Bott, Carl Siechert, Craig Stinson. **Publisher:** Microsoft Press; Bk&CD-Rom edition (October 25, 2001). **ISBN:** 735613826.

Microsoft Windows XP Plain & Simple. Moon Joyce Resources, Marianne Moon **Publisher:** Microsoft Press; 1st edition (October 24, 2001). **ISBN:** 073561525X.

Microsoft Windows XP Professional Resource Kit. Microsoft Windows Team Staff, The\Microsoft Windows Team Staff. **Publisher:** Microsoft Press; 2nd Bk&Cdr edition (June 11, 2003). **ISBN:** 0735619743.

Microsoft Windows XP Professional: Administrator's Pocket Consultant. William R. Stanek. **Publisher:** Microsoft Press; 1 edition (September 26, 2001). **ISBN:** 0735613818.

Windows XP Annoyances. David A. Karp. **Publisher:** O'Reilly & Associates; 1 edition (October 8, 2002). **ISBN:** 0596004168.

Windows XP Tips and Tricks in Easy Steps. Stuart Yarnold. **Publisher:** Barnes and Noble (2003). **ISBN:** 0760747938.

Networking

Absolute Beginner's Guide to Networking. Joe Habraken. **Publisher:** Pearson Education; 4 edition (September 9, 2003). **ISBN:** 0789729113.

Computer Networking First-Step. Wendell Odom. **Publisher:** Cisco Press (April 21, 2004). **ISBN:** 1587201011.

Network Tutorial: A Complete Introduction to Networks. Steve Steinke, Network Magazine Editors. **Publisher:** CMP Books; 5th edition (January, 2003). **ISBN:** 1578203023.

Networking in Easy Steps (In Easy Steps Series). Steve Rackley. Computer Step (January 27, 2000). **ISBN:** 1840780886.

Practice Test

Instructions: Please read each question and select only one response to the question.

- 1) After you upgrade the memory (RAM) on your computer's motherboard to more than 256 megabytes (MB), you receive multiple error messages in the Windows XP operating system. After researching the error on the Microsoft web site, you find indications that your computer's motherboard BIOS needs to be updated. What procedure should you follow?
 - A Determine your current BIOS level and check the computer manufacturer's web site for motherboard upgrades. Based on the exact make and model number of your computer, download the BIOS upgrade.
 - B Determine your current BIOS level and check the computer manufacturer's web site for motherboard upgrades. If the exact make and model is not available on the web site, test different BIOS upgrades until one works successfully.
 - Access the Windows Update site and download the latest updates to your computer. Also, download the updates for key hardware components of your computer (network card, video card, etc.) and the latest virus updates.
 - D From the web site of your computer's manufacturer, purchase the latest BIOS chip for your computer. After it is received, the BIOS chip must be installed on your motherboard. On reboot, all 256 MB should be recognized.
 - E Replace the motherboard based on the recommendations from the computer manufacturer's web site.

2) Which of the following is NOT true regarding a USB wireless mouse?

- A source of interference (e.g., cellular phone) could affect the wireless signal and stop the mouse from functioning.
- B If a USB mouse stops functioning, the batteries should be checked.
- C A device driver issue can cause a USB mouse not to operate properly.
- D The wireless mouse should be within 5 feet of the receiver.
- E The USB mouse receiver should never be disconnected from the USB port while the computer is running.

- 3) The client has only one computer and recently bought a DSL connection and a LAN card to connect to the modem. He has installed the modem successfully and the DSL provider also claims that the modem is working fine. The client has to install the LAN card to verify that the DSL is working. The client has a Pentium 2 class computer with 32 bit PCI slots. The LAN card says it is 64 bit. What does the client need to do to install the card?
 - A Install the card in the 32 slot.
 - B Try the card in a different computer.
 - C Get a new motherboard and processor.
 - D Get a converter between 32 bit and 64 bit.
 - E Get an extra attachment for the motherboard to modify the 32 bit slot to 64 bit.
- 4) A customer has bought a new mouse and is confused about the port in which the mouse has to be connected. The mouse should be connected to which of the following ports in a PC?
 - A Printer port
 - B VGA port
 - C Virtual COM port
 - D USB port
 - E Game port
- 5) The client is running Windows XP on a high-end system. The client gets an internal modem and a sound card. He installs the modem successfully on the computer, but when he tries to install the sound card, the Device Manager shows error code 3 in the device status. What is the solution for this problem?
 - A Reinstall the drivers.
 - B Try a different slot.
 - C Swap the modem and sound card.
 - D Assign manual IRQ.
 - E Try the modem and sound card on a different computer.

- 6) When given its IP address, how do you locate the Media Access Control (MAC) address of a network interface?
 - A You cannot locate a remote interface's MAC address unless you are logged into the target computer.
 - B Ask the administrator of the network to locate the target computer and log in to the computer. Go to interface properties to get the MAC address.
 - C Ping the target IP address and then perform an arp -g to locate the MAC address.
 - D Perform a DNS query.
 - E Query the whois database.
- 7) A user running Windows XP is a member of a power users group. In order to get an application to work, she must edit the file "C:\\\WINNT\SYSTEM32\ETC\DRIVERS\HOSTS". When she attempts to save the file after it is modified, she receives an access denied error. Which of the following are the minimum permissions that will allow power user members to modify the file?
 - A Read, Read & Execute and List permissions
 - B Read, List and Write permissions
 - C Read and Change permissions
 - D Read, Read & Execute and Access Control permissions
 - E Full Control
- 8) A software developer wants to distribute software without charge and not make the code available to others. He wants to hold the copyright to the software. What type of software is he trying to distribute?
 - A Freeware
 - B Open source
 - C Freeware and open source
 - D Protected
 - E Operating system code

- 9) Which of the following MIME subtypes is part of MIME multipart type?
 - A html
 - B external-body
 - C Rtf
 - D header-set
 - E Xpm
- 10) A customer calls up and expresses her concern that she is continuously receiving a great deal of attached spam emails. She requests you to eliminate this problem immediately. What is the best remedy for this problem?
 - A You can check the incoming mails in mail queue, figure out the source address, and block them accordingly.
 - B You can employ Antivirus, Spam control and content filtering applications on the mail servers and not allow unacceptable messages through the mail gateway.
 - C You can configure the mail relay agent properly.
 - D You can move your mail server from Demilitarized zone to Local LAN.
 - E You can restart the SMTP / POP3 mail services.
- 11) You are attempting to access the setup mode on a Cisco router. To use the Setup command, what mode must you be in?
 - A Exec mode
 - B Privileged mode
 - C User mode
 - D Superuser mode
 - E Administrative mode
- 12) Which of the following is a typical way to configure an IP address on a switch?
 - A Through a host entry and reservation in a DNS server
 - B From an FTP client either at a command prompt or a Windows-supported program
 - C From Command-Line Interface (CLI) based program from a PC or terminal connected to the console port
 - D From the Windows XP or 2000 operating system from Programs, Accessories, Communications and Remote Desktop
 - E From a Kerberos request issued within the switch software utility

- 13) Luisa is a support executive of an ISP. She sits in the NOC (Network Operation Center), and manages the network remotely. Which of the following are various ways to connect to a router to configure it?
 - A FTP
 - B TELNET
 - C ping
 - D Traceroute
 - E ipconfig
- 14) A customer is using an FTP server to send and receive data through a modem from his office computer. He decides to install a router with the port numbers 20 and 21 forwarded for the computer to send and receive data. After installing the router, he cannot initiate passive FTP and gets an error message that states that the transaction failed. Assuming that there could be a problem with the router, he removes the router and tries initiating FTP using the modem, but still gets the error message. What could be the reason for this?
 - A The FTP server is busy and not responding to the customer's request.
 - B The port numbers on the router are not opened.
 - C Passive FTP must be initiated by the server.
 - D The client is using the incorrect user name and password.
 - E In passive FTP, the ports used are dynamic; hence, the forwarded ports on the router do not match.
- 15) A customer uses PAT (Port Address Translation) to share his Internet connection between his two computers at his home. Which of the following Protocols is not advisable to work with Port Address Translation?
 - A HTTP
 - B H.323
 - C FTP Active mode
 - D POP3
 - E IPMA

- 16) A client gets cable Internet service from a local provider and the backbone of the local provider is a famous and well-known Internet service company. The client is able to ping any website IP address but is unable to ping the website itself. Assigning static DNS on the computer does not help. What could be the cause for this problem?
 - A TCP/IP port 53 block by the ISP.
 - B TCP/IP is corrupted.
 - C Proxy server is not being used.
 - D The preferred DNS suffix in the computer is not defined under the TCP/IP properties.
 - E BGP protocols on the ISP side is not working.
- 17) You are concerned that security fixes are not applied on a regular basis to your Windows XP SP1 computer. You want the automatic installation of critical updates, security updates and service packs, not software enhancements or driver updates. In the Control Panel, System, under the Automatic Updates tab, you notice the Automatic option. Which of the following accurately describes what happens when you enable this Automatic Windows Update option?
 - A With Automatic Updates enabled, you can schedule the day of the week (or every day) and time to be notified regarding updates. It is up to you to choose when to download and install the update.
 - B With Automatic Updates enabled, you can schedule the day of the week (or every day) and time for updates to download and install. All updates will be applied, even optional hardware and software fixes.
 - C With Automatic Updates enabled, you can schedule the day of the week (or every day) and time for updates to download and install. However, if the computer is not powered on at the time of the scheduled update, it will cancel the job and run it at the next schedule time.
 - D With Automatic Updates enabled, you can schedule the day of the week (or every day) and time for updates to download only. It is up to you to choose when to install the update.
 - With Automatic Updates enabled, you can schedule the day of the week (or every day) and time for updates to download and install. Only high priority updates, including security updates, critical updates and service packs, will be automatically applied.

- 18) A client's computer has Windows XP with SP2 and a firewall installed by default. The client does not know how to remove the firewall and hence, he accidentally deletes the files in the system. He is unable to retrieve any IP addresses from the DHCP and he cannot release and renew the IP address. The adapter and TCP/IP stack seem to be working properly. What can the client do to regain access to the network?
 - A Use system restore.
 - B Reinstall the adapter.
 - C Reinstall the firewall.
 - D Disable and enable the device.
 - E Assign static IP to the computer.
- 19) A client is using a DSL connection and dials into the network of the ISP. When he installs dialer software and tries connecting through it, he gets an error 608, which says that the error device does not exist. A code 28 on the device manager is displayed. What could be the reason for this error?
 - A The modem is not installed.
 - B The DSL line is not working.
 - C The cable connecting the modem and computer is not working.
 - D The software is corrupted.
 - E No power is given to the modem.
- 20) A user is building a new AMD AthlonXP-based computer and is trying to determine which RAM will give him the highest performance while staying within his budget of \$200. The system has two DIMM slots and supports 1GB of a variety of RAM types; however, only one type of RAM can be used at any given time. The following types of RAM are available for his motherboard:

PC133 512MB \$100 PC2700 128MB \$45 PC2700 256MB \$\$100 PC3200 128MB \$45 PC3200 256MB \$100

Of the following, which choice would generally provide the highest performance?

- A Four 128MB PC2700
- B Four 128MB PC3200
- C Two 512MB PC133
- D Two 256MB PC2700
- E Two 256MB PC3200

- 21) On his Windows XP Professional system, a user installs new drivers for his video card, network interface card (NIC) and printer. After rebooting the system, he is unable to access resources on his home network and cannot browse the web. Which of the following steps is mostly likely to resolve this problem with the least amount of administration?
 - A Remove the NIC from the system, power the computer on once without the NIC and then install the NIC. Upon reboot, the NIC should reinitialize.
 - B Uninstall the NIC and reboot the system. Upon reboot, the NIC should reinitialize.
 - C In the properties of the NIC, click the Drivers tab and select Roll Back Driver.
 - D In the Properties box of the video card, NIC and printer, click the Drivers tab and select Roll Back Driver.
 - E Reboot the system in Safe mode and uninstall the NIC. Upon reboot, the NIC should reinitialize.
- 22) You receive a call from a user saying that she has installed a new USB mouse on her Windows XP desktop. After installing the USB mouse, she restarted her desktop and the desktop crashes. You suspect that the problem is due to the USB mouse she installed. How do you restore the desktop to a workable state?
 - A Reinstall the OS.
 - B Restart the desktop and press F8 during startup. The user should go to Safe mode and uninstall the driver.
 - C Use the Last Known Good Configuration.
 - D Advise the user to remove the USB mouse.
 - E Advise the user to purchase another mouse and install it.
- 23) The customer is using a Windows XP computer connected to the modem. When he tries to connect to the Internet, he gets an error message that states limited or no connectivity and he is unable to go online. What should the customer do first to go online?
 - A Check and remove firewall
 - B Verify all cables are connected properly
 - C Reinstall the TCP/IP stack
 - D Reinstall the adapters
 - E Assign a static IP address and use the computer to go online

- 24) A customer is using a catalyst router and keeps a daily log to check the number of ping responses his router is communicating with the outside world. The client has two static IP addresses and is using static routes for load balancing. He has designed the firewall so that he can create a log for the number of ping responses coming in from both IP addresses. He has scheduled the logs to be emailed to him whenever they are full, but the customer is unable to receive any emails due to the defined rule. What could be the cause of this?
 - A The SNMP and SMTP transmit settings on the router, particularly log files, are not correct.
 - B The client is not using the correct authentication.
 - C There are firewalls blocking the inbound port.
 - D The POP3 incoming mail server is not configured.
 - E The SNMP is not working because NAT is present.
- 25) A Windows XP Professional PC receives a "Page cannot be displayed" error when attempting to access the URL http://corp-industries.com. From a colleague's PC, a technician reports that he is able to access the website. Using the PING command, the remote technician is able to resolve the IP for the problematic URL to 10.28.9.48. In order to provide the customer with a workaround until the network team can investigate further, which of the following would most likely enable the user to access the site?
 - A Under the properties of TCP/IP within the NIC properties, add a manual DNS server entry using the IP address of the website.
 - B Open a command prompt, type IPCONFIG/REGISTERDNS 10.28.9.48: http://corp-industries.com.
 - C Open the hosts file found in %system32% \drivers\etc and add "10.28.9.48 corp-industries.com".
 - D Open the Imhosts file found in %system32% \drivers\etc and add "10.28.9.48 corp-industries.com".
 - E Open a command prompt, type IPCONFIG /FLUSHDNS.

- A client connects to his office's network through a fiber-distributed network with a private IP address on the computers. He is using a third party's client software to access the remote desktop on the other end. The client can log in to the desktop, establish a multi-session chat and audio conferencing, but he cannot transmit any video from his location to the other desktop. What could be the reason for this?
 - A The third-party client software is not enabled to synchronize for sending video on a private network.
 - B The ports are not opened to the inbound (modem) for the application to allow an easy pass through.
 - C TCP/IP protocol is corrupted.
 - D The remote desktop on the other end is in a different network.
 - E There is firewall block.
- 27) A customer has purchased a second computer that has a 3Ghz Hyper-Threading processor, a single 200 GB hard drive and runs Windows XP Home Edition for a home network. The user's first computer has a 1.7GHz processor, a 40 GB hard drive, a 160 GB hard drive and runs Windows XP Professional. The 160 GB NTFS formatted drive was converted to a dynamic disk and partitioned into three volumes; one for backup files, one for media and one for work related files. The user moved the hard drive to the new computer, but is unable to access the hard disk using Windows Explorer. Of the following, which is the most likely reason the user's new computer is unable to access this drive?
 - A Windows XP Home Edition does not support drives larger than 120 GB.
 - B Windows XP Home Edition does not support dynamic disks.
 - C Windows XP Home Edition does not support drives with more than one partition
 - D Windows XP Home Edition does not support NTFS.
 - E Windows XP Home Edition does not support drives with more than two partitions and one extended partition.

- 28) A user has two computers on his network, one running Windows 2000 Professional and the other running Mac OSX. The Mac is used for graphics and video editing and the PC for general Internet, email use and printing. After editing a graphic file on the Mac, the user saves the file as a JPEG in order to reduce its size. He copies the file to his PC. When he tries to access the graphic on his PC, Windows does not recognize the file and the file will not open when he double-clicks on it. Of the following, which is most likely the reason this is happening?
 - A The PC has an NTFS hard drive, which is not compatible with Mac systems.
 - B The PC has a FAT hard drive, which is not compatible with Mac systems.
 - C The file was named with an illegal character or is missing the .jpg extension.
 - D The Mac has an HFS+ formatted hard drive, which is not compatible with Windows.
 - E JPEG files are not cross-platform compatible.
- 29) You are working as a support executive with an ISP, which is running RIPv1 as IGP. You have been experiencing a slowdown of network after expanding it with a couple of routers all running RIPv1. When you see the interface throughout it shows high level of traffic. Which of the following choices is the most ideal to improve the network performance?
 - A Increasing RIPv1 Update timer.
 - B Making some of the interfaces of the router as passive.
 - C Decreasing the RIPv2 Update timer.
 - D Migrating to RIPv2.
 - E Making all the interfaces as passive.

- 30) You are working as a Network Administrator of an ISP. You are working on a night shift, and suddenly you see an increase in traffic in one of the gateway link. You enable IP accounting on the router's interface and find out that a large number of ICMP traffic is coming towards your internal webserver. Which of the following approach is the best to handle the situation?
 - A Calling up your boss and asking what to do.
 - B Ignoring the problem for time being and reporting it to the morning shift staff.
 - C Collecting evidence such as logs, and IP accounting screenshots, and blocking the network of origin temporarily using ACL (Access Lists).
 - D Shutting down the input interface of gateway router to stop traffic completely.
 - E Shutting down the targeted webserver.
- 31) A company recently implemented a TCP/IP network. The network administrator installed open shortest path first (OSPF) for dynamic configuration of routing tables. Of the following, which best describes why OSPF might have been chosen over routing information protocol (RIP)?
 - A RIP uses metrics.
 - B By default, OSPF updates the routing tables every 30 seconds.
 - C Convergence is faster with link-state routing protocols than with distance vector routing protocols.
 - D Link-state routing protocols require less processing power than distance vector routing protocols.
 - E Link-state routing protocols require less memory than distance vector routing protocols.
- 32) You configure a new network and want to provide routes for use when a routing protocol or link fails. In order to do this, floating static routes must be configured. To adjust the floating static routes to work properly, you must set the administrative distance higher than what is found with dynamic protocols. Which of the following is the correct default administrative distance?
 - A BGP external is 100
 - B External EIGRP is 160
 - C RIP is 110
 - D OSPF is 120
 - E IGRP is 100

- 33) Robert is a network administrator of a small ISP which has been seeing a lot of expansion in recent past. He was using OSPF for dynamic routing inside his AS he was using only one area. Recently he has been observing the CPU and Memory usage of routers going high. What could be the possible reason and solutions respectively out of the following choices?
 - A This is normal in large networks. It can be safely ignored.
 - B This is due to heavy traffic flowing through routers. Add more memory to routers to overcome this.
 - C This is due to improper implementation of OSPF. Proper division of areas should be done to reduce the routing table size.
 - D This is done by malicious traffic generated by some customer. Proper detection tools such as IDS should be deployed.
 - E This is improper implementation of BGP Along with OSPF
- 34) You are troubleshooting a Windows 98 SE system that crashes when the user attaches a USB flash drive. You locate a Microsoft Knowledgebase article describing the scenario the client is experiencing. To resolve the problem, the registry must be modified. In preparation for this task, you must back up the current registry as well as the User.dat, System.dat and Win.ini files. Which of the following choices will meet these requirements with the least amount of administration?
 - A Click Start/Shut Down and select Restart in MS-DOS mode. Once in DOS, type scanregw/backup. When prompted, click Yes.
 - B Browse to C:\Windows\sysbckup and copy the System.dat, User.dat and Policy.pol files.
 - C Click Start, click Run, type scanregw and click OK. When prompted, click Yes.
 - D Click Start, click Run, type cfgback.exe and click OK. When prompted, click Yes.
 - E Click Start, click Run, type regedt32/backup and click OK. When prompted, click Yes.

- 35) You are working for an ISP and one of the customers was able to send and receive e-mails using outlook express and use Internet connection. He buys another computer with the ICS feature enabled for sharing the Internet connection with the old computer. After enabling ICS he is not able to send or receive mails. What can be done to resolve the issue?
 - A He needs to check the 'Always use LAN settings' option on his outlook express under tools-accounts-Mail properties section
 - B He needs to use FQDN instead of just using mail account name
 - C He cannot use mails as ICS is only for sharing Internet connection
 - D He needs to use Microsoft Outlook
 - E He needs to configure a WINS server on his LAN
- 36) To check response of computers connected to the network, a user tries to ping the remote machine and test the response. Which layer of the seven-layer OSI model does the ping command operate?
 - A Session
 - B Network
 - C Transport
 - D Maintenance
 - E Physical
- 37) You are troubleshooting a network connectivity problem on a small network. A gateway router, which provides DHCP addressing, is assigned a class B address from the ISP. Network Address Translation is performed by the gateway router so that clients can share the Internet access. Of the following, which is the gateway router's public IP, a class B address?
 - A 10.28.9.48
 - B 127.254.0.3
 - C 190.23.12.9
 - D 192.168.4.5
 - E 196.39.230.4

- 38) A user with a home network is attempting to log in to an FTP site and upload files to a web server using a newly purchased Windows XP Professional laptop. The user opens Internet Explorer and enters the FTP address. The page does not display an error, however; the page is blank. Which of the following options will most likely resolve the issue?
 - A Open Add/Remove Programs and select Install Windows Components. Check the FTP Client option and click OK.
 - B Open Add/Remove Programs and select Install Windows Components. Check the IIS option, select FTP Service and click OK.
 - C Open IE, click Tools, click Options and select the Advanced tab. Check the Use Passive FTP box and insure Enable Folder View for FTP Sites is checked.
 - D Open IE, click Tools, click Options and select the Security tab. Click Trusted Sites, type the FTP address and click Add.
 - E Have the user log in to the gateway router administration options, open the firewall settings, and insure outbound FTP connections are not blocked.
- 39) What is the default administrative distance of a RIP protocol in a network?
 - A 110
 - B 120
 - C 310
 - D 140
 - E 151
- 40) A user has a Windows NT desktop running a Pentium 3 700MHz CPU, 256 MB of RAM and an 18 GB and a 10 GB hard drive. The 18 GB hard drive, C:, contains Windows and program files and the 10 GB drive, D:, stores media and documents. Virtual memory is configured with the default settings; however, the user wants to optimize the pagefile on this system in order to improve performance. Which of the following configurations will provide the highest performance?
 - A Increase the size of the pagefile to 268 MB.
 - B Set both the minimum and maximum pagefile size to be 384 MB.
 - C Remove the pagefile from the C: drive and create a new pagefile on D:.
 - D Remove the pagefile from the C: drive.
 - E Add more virtual memory to the system.

ANSWER KEY

Answer Key

- 1) A
- 2) E
- 3) A
- 4) D
- 5) A
- 6) C
- 7) B
- 8) A
- 9) D
- 10) B
- 11) B
- 12) C
- 13) B
- 14) C
- 15) B
- 16) A
- 17) E
- 18) A
- 19) A
- 20) C
- 21) C
- 22) B
- 23) B
- 24) A
- 25) C
- 26) A
- 27) B
- 28) C
- 29) D
- 30) C
- 31) C
- 32) E
- 33) C
- 34) C
- 35) B
- 36) B
- 37) C
- 38) C
- 39) B
- 40) C

Practice Items Listed by Topic Area

<u>Hardware</u>: This topic evaluates skills related to PC performance, RAM, Rev levels, NIC in motherboard, hard-disk sector, IRQ, DMA, modem functions, troubleshooting IRQ problems, and device drivers.

Items: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 19, 20, 21, 23, 27

<u>OS & Other Software</u>: This topic covers skills related to Windows 2000 and XP features, file structures, installation problems, booting issues, registry compositions, backup and restoration in XP, hot fixes, and patches for OS.

Items: 7, 17, 18, 22, 28, 34, 35, 40

<u>Internet Knowledge</u>: This topic evaluates skills related to download speed in Internet, freeware, opensource, MIME types, blocking spam mails, SMTP and POP3, and email applications.

Items: 8, 9, 10

<u>Networking Knowledge</u>: This topic evaluates skills related to EMI, ethernet switch, routers, network layer protocols, the OSI model, components of PPP protocols, ICMP, debugging RIP routing, get IP from MAC, and sub-layers of datalink layer.

Items: 6, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 24, 25, 26, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 36, 37, 38, 39

Rationale

Use the below rationale to help explain the correct responses to the questions

Question (1)

- A. This is the best process to follow.
- B. Applying the wrong BIOS can damage your computer.
- C. Virus and Windows updates will not update the BIOS.
- D. BIOS updates do not need to be purchased.
- E. BIOS updates do not require motherboard replacement.

Question (2)

- A. This is true.
- B. This is true.
- C. This is true.
- D. This is true.
- E. USB devices can be plugged in and unplugged while the OS is running.

Question (3)

- A. The 64 bit card can be installed in 32 bit slot as it is backwards compatible.
- B. The client only has one computer.
- C. Buying a new motherboard and processor is expensive and unnecessary to resolve this issue.
- D. There is no such converter.
- E. Once created, motherboard features cannot be modified.

Question (4)

- A. Mouse cannot be attached to printer port
- B. VGA port is for graphics and not for mouse
- C. Virtual COM port is for the internal devices to communicate and its not a physical port. Hence, mouse cannot be connected to it.
- D. A mouse can be connected to USB port
- E. Game port is used to connect gaming devices and not a mouse.

Question (5)

- A. Error code 3 is displayed because the drivers are corrupt or the system is low on resources. Hence, reinstallation will solve the problem.
- B. Error code 3 is a driver issue, not a hardware issue.
- C. If the drivers are corrupt, swapping the modem and sound card will not work.
- D. Error code 3 is not a hardware or IRQ issue.
- E. Trying the devices on a different computer will not solve the issue; the drivers are corrupt.

Question (6)

- A. This answer is incorrect.
- B. This will not possible if the target computer is in a different geographical location.
- C. This is the right solution.
- D. DNS records do not contain MAC addresses.
- E. Whois does not contain MAC addresses.

Question (7)

- A. Write permissions are needed to change the file.
- B. These are the minimum permissions needed to change the file.
- C. Change is not a valid permission.
- D. Access Control is not a valid permission.
- E. Full Control is not the minimum permission needed. Full Control includes all permissions.

Question (8)

- A. Freeware is distributed without charge and with the code not published, but can still be copyrighted.
- B. The code for open source is made available to the public.
- C. The code for open source is made available to the public.
- D. This answer is incorrect.
- E. This answer is incorrect.

Question (9)

- A. The html subtype is part of MIME text type.
- B. The external-body subtype is part of MIME message type.
- C. The Rtf subtype is part of MIME application type.
- D. The header-set subtype is part of MIME multipart type.
- E. The Xpm subtype is part of MIME images type.

Question (10)

- A. It is impossible to track all incoming mails.
- B. Gateway Antivirus, spam control, and content filtering can only help in preventing such mails from the outside world
- C. Mail relaying should be configured properly, which can help to some extent.
- D. Moving mail server from Demilitarized zone to Local LAN could not help in controlling Spam mails
- E. Nothing is going to happen just by restarting Mail services

Question (11)

- A. Setup will not run in Exec mode; it will only run in Privileged mode.
- B. Setup will run in Privileged mode.
- C. Setup will not run in User mode; it will only run in Privileged mode.
- D. Superuser mode does not exist on a Cisco router.
- E. Administrative mode does not exist on a Cisco router.

Question (12)

- A. DNS host entries are not used for IP address configuration; reservations do not exist in DNS.
- B. FTP is used for file transfer, not switch configuration.
- C. This is a typical way to correct the IP address.
- D. Remote Desktop is used to connect to a terminal server.
- E. Kerberos is used as an authentication protocol in Windows 2000.

Question (13)

- A. This is a file transfer protocol and is not used to connect to a remote router for configuration.
- B. This is a remote terminal emulation program. It is widely used to configure routers remotely.
- C. Ping is used to check the network connectivity and is not used for connecting remote router for configuration.
- D. Traceroute is used for tracing the path and not used for connecting remote router for configuration.
- E. Ipconfig is used to find the IP configured in the machine and not for connecting remote router for configuration.

Question (14)

- A. If the server is busy, the transaction will not initiate.
- B. Once the port is forwarded, the router will send and receive data through the port numbers.
- C. Passive transaction is generally initiated by the server which uses dynamic ports to communicate and the port map command to identify the port numbers to communicate.
- D. If the authentication is wrong, the user will not be able to go up to the transaction stage.
- E. Even after removing the router and connecting with a modem directly, the user gets the same error message, so this cannot be the reason.

Question (15)

- A. Wrong, PAT works comfortably with HTTP
- B. H.323 is not advisable as it uses dynamic ports and is only used with VoIP.
- C. FTP Active mode work with PAT with no issues as it initiates connection from server side
- D. POP3 also works well with PAT
- E. There is no such protocol as IPMA

Question (16)

- A. TCP/IP port 51 and 53 are defined for the DNS name and DNS pass through. The local company that has a DNS server running will have port 51 to be forwarded and 53 to be blocked. Hence any IP address will pass whereas the name resolution will not take place for the corresponding IP address. Hence the client is able to ping IP of a website and not the website itself.
- B. If TCP/IP is corrupted, user will not be able to ping even the IP address of the website.
- C. Use of a proxy server to route a packet through will not work with the DNS as the pass through. This is because it is blocked by the ISP and becomes a security issue as traffic passes through a given port number and IP address.
- D. Generally this is obtained from the ISP automatically on the adapter.
- E. If the BGP protocols are not working, then the connection will not respond to any request. As seen, it is able to ping the IP addresses and hence, it can be confirmed that the BGP is working fine since the ISP is able to pass through ICMP traffic.

Question (17)

- A. This describes the Notify Me But Don't Automatically Download and Install option, not the Automatic option.
- B. Optional hardware and software fixes are not applied.
- C. When the OS boots up next, it will download and install the update and prompt the user regarding whether or not to reboot now or later.
- D. The Automatic Update option and time schedule apply to both the download and install.
- E. This accurately describes what happens when the Automatic option is enabled for Windows updates.

Question (18)

- A. By using system restore, the configuration can be retained.
- B. Reinstalling the adapter will not work. The files are corrupted.
- C. Reinstalling the firewall will not cause the socket files to come up.
- D. Disabling and enabling of the device will cause the stack to rebind but will not allow the client to regain the registry values that got corrupted when the firewall was deleted.
- E. Assigning static IP will not work. The socket is blocked.

Question (19)

- A. The modem needs to be installed to be recognized by the software that the DSL company provides.
- B. If the DSL line is not working, the error message will not be displayed.
- C. If the cable is faulty, the error message will not be displayed.
- D. If the software is corrupted, the client will see a system error message and not a device error message.
- E. If there is no power to the modem, the device manager will not generate an error code.

Question (20)

- A. AthlonXP processors do not benefit from DDR RAM.
- B. AthlonXP processors do not benefit from DDR RAM.
- C. Having significantly more RAM increases performance over a system with faster but less RAM. This system will also perform better because AthlonXP processors do not benefit from DDR. Additionally, this system will have twice as much RAM as the other choices.
- D. AthlonXP processors do not benefit from DDR RAM.
- E. AthlonXP processors do not benefit from DDR RAM.

Question (21)

- A. Because the problem appears to be the newly installed NIC driver, the device is likely to reinstall with the bad driver.
- B. Because the problem appears to be the newly installed NIC driver, the device is likely to reinstall with the bad driver.
- C. Windows XP provides the Roll Back Driver for driver update problems. This is most likely to resolve the connectivity problem with the least amount of administration.
- D. Although this will resolve the issue, it is not necessary to roll back the video and printer drivers.
- E. Safe mode is not needed in this case, because the system is stable.

Question (22)

- A. This is not the right solution.
- B. The Safe mode is a minimal mode in which only device drivers that are needed to run the OS are installed.
- C. This may not work because the user might have successfully logged in after installing the mouse, so the Last Known Good Configuration may not be the right configuration.
- D. This does not resolve the problem.
- E. This does not resolve the problem.

Question (23)

- A. Firewall has nothing to do with this issue.
- B. This error indicates that there is a hot fix that needs to be installed.
- C. This is not required since it is an Operating System issue.
- D. It will raise the same problem since the hot fix is not available.
- E. The client does not know the range of IP addresses to assign.

Question (24)

- A. The SNMP and SMTP transmit settings are not configured which is the reason the customer did not receive the emails.
- B. Since the customer can ping on the network, there is proper authentication.
- C. Since the customer can communicate over the network, there is no firewall blocking.
- D. If POP3 is not configured, the customer will not receive any emails at all.
- E. Since the customer can go online, there is no NAT blocking it.

Question (25)

- A. Only DNS servers are intended to be specified here.
- B. The IPCONFIG/REGISTERDNS command registers the local PC DNS record with the DNS server. The arguments "10.28.9.48: http://corp-industries.com" are not valid.
- C. Adding this entry will provide a way for Windows to resolve the address for this URL.
- D. Imhosts files provide NetBIOS name resolution.
- E. This flushes the client DNS cache, which should be done when troubleshooting name resolution, but it is not likely to resolve the host name issue.

Question (26)

- A. It should be synchronized to send video over the private network.
- B. If the ports are opened to the inbound (modem), they will not allow for the audio conferencing.
- C. If TCP/IP protocol is corrupted, the client cannot go online.
- D. If the client can use audio conferencing, the desktops are in the same network.
- E. The firewall is not the problem.

Question (27)

- A. Windows XP Home Edition supports drives larger than 120 GB.
- B. Windows XP Home Edition does not support dynamic disks. Only Windows XP Professional, Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003 support dynamic disks.
- C. Windows XP Home Edition supports drives with more than one partition.
- D. Windows XP Home Edition supports the NTFS file system.
- E. Windows XP Home Edition supports four primary partitions or three primary partitions and one extended partition.

Question (28)

- A. The Mac was able to copy the file to the PC, so the file system must be compatible.
- B. FAT drives can be accessed by both PCs and Macs.
- C. Macs allow files and folders to contain characters that Windows does not allow such as "/". In addition, Mac files also do not require file extensions such as jpg.
- D. Because the graphic was copied to a PC, the format of the Mac drive is irrelevant.
- E. JPEG files are a standard supported by many vendors, including Windows and Mac.

Question (29)

- A. Increasing Update times reduces the frequency of routing updates, will reduce the traffic on network but not an ideal solution.
- B. Making some of the interface of router as passive will stop updates leaving that interface and will reduce some traffic and not an ideal solution.
- C. Decreasing Update timer will increase routing updates, and hence will increase traffic on network.
- D. RIPv2 address many shortcomings present in RIPv1, hence should be opted whenever possible.
- E. Turning all interfaces as passive will stop RIPv1 to function, as it will not send routing updates at all.

Question (30)

- A. Calling up boss in middle of the night is not a good idea in this situation.
- B. Ignoring the problem even temporarily can have adverse effect on security.
- C. Selective blocking of traffic using access list is the proper method. Collecting some evidence is always a good idea before taking such step to justify the action.
- D. Shutting down input interface of gateway router will cause complete isolation from Internet, which is not a great idea for an ISP.
- E. Shutting down the targeted webserver will not solve the problem, the intruder can attack other webserver as well.

Question (31)

- A. RIP does not use metrics when making routing decisions.
- B. OSPF only updates routing tables when a change is detected.
- C. The time required for all the routers to build complete routing tables is faster with link-state routing protocols.
- D. Link-state routing protocols do more processing than RIP and require more processing power.
- E. OSPF performs more processing than RIP and requires more processing power.

Question (32)

- A. The default administrative distance for BGP external is 170.
- B. The default administrative distance for external EIGRP is 180.
- C. The default administrative distance for RIP is 120.
- D. The default administrative distance for OSPF is 110.
- E. The default administrative distance for IGRP is 100. Floating static routes are frequently used to supply a route when the routing protocol or link fails. Under these conditions, the static route is normally used with a DDR (dial-on-demand routing) circuit and the administrator assigns a higher administrative distance to the static route than would be found with the dynamic protocols. Once the dynamic routing protocols have exhausted all of their routes or the protocol has failed due to a link failure, the highest administrative distance is the static route.

Question (33)

- A. Large network does not mean high CPU and memory usage. Ignoring high CPU and Memory can be catastrophic.
- B. Usually its the large routing table which causes such a problem, instead of high traffic.
- C. OSPF needs to be properly implemented in large networks, by properly segregating Areas. This reduces routing table size significantly.
- D. Malicious traffic can in some cases increase CPU usage, but should have no effect after the router is upgraded to latest IOS.
- E. There is no mention of BGP in the question.

Question (34)

- A. Although this method will back up the registry, it is not necessary to enter DOS or to reboot.
- B. Because Windows 98 makes an automatic backup of the registry the first time its booted each day, these files are most likely older than the current registry.
- C. When you back up the registry using the scanregw utility, Windows combines several files into a Rb0 x.cab file (where x is a number from 0 to 5). The Rb0 x.cab files contain the System.dat, User.dat, System.ini and Win.ini files as well as registry configuration information (including user account information, protocol bindings, software program settings and user preferences).
- D. The cfgback.exe command is for Windows 95.
- E. The regedt32 command is for Windows 2000.

Question (35)

- A. This Option will not help as LAN setting is used if dial up is not found
- B. Correct, when the other computer is not directly connected, one has to supply Fully qualified domain name like abc@domain.com so that it can be resolved using DNS and mails can be downloaded on outlook express
- C. Incorrect as it can be done
- D. Incorrect as the problem is not with mail client but with the configuration
- E. WINS is only for local name resolution and cannot replace DNS so FQDN cannot be resolved using local WINS server

Question (36)

- A. The session layer is responsible for establishing, managing and terminating communications sessions between presentation layer entities. This layer is not responsible for the ping command.
- B. As the ping command is used to test network connectivity, it resides on the network layer of the OSI model.
- C. The transport layer of the OSI model is responsible for the delivery of information in either a reliable or unreliable manner. Ping does not reside at this layer of the OSI model.
- D. There is no maintenance layer in the OSI model.
- E. The physical layer deals with bits, bytes and electrical signals and has nothing to do with the ping command.

Question (37)

- A. 10.28.9.48 is a class A address.
- B. 127.254.0.3 is a class A address.
- C. 190.23.12.9 is a class B address.
- D. 192.168.4.5 is a class C address.
- E. 196.39.230.4 is a class C address.

Question (38)

- A. There is no FTP client component to add because the FTP client is integrated in the browser.
- B. This would install the FTP Service used to set up your own FTP server.
- C. These settings adjust the way FTP sends commands in order to make the commands compatible with cable modems and firewalls.
- D. Adding the URL to the trusted site is unlikely to allow FTP access.
- E. Outbound connections are almost never restricted by default on gateway routers/firewalls.

Question (39)

- A. It is not a valid distance
- B. Default administrative distance is 120
- C. It is not a valid distance
- D. Not correct
- E. Not correct

Question (40)

- A. The pagefile to 268 MB is unlikely to make a noticeable increase in performance.
- B. Although some experts argue that setting the minimum and maximum sizes to the same value can increase performance, there is a better choice.
- C. Moving the pagefile off of the hard drive containing the operating system to a separate physical disk increases performance of Windows NT.
- D. Windows will perform poorly if there is no pagefile set.
- E. Although increasing the amount of virtual memory could improve performance under certain circumstances, there is a better option that will increase performance.

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Courseware includes a textbook and references to helpful websites.

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- System Software
- The System Unit
- Input and Output
- Secondary Storage
- Connectivity, the Wireless Revolution, and Communications
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